

COMMUNITY & ENTERPRISE OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting	Monday 16 th October 2017
Report Subject	Financial Forecast and Stage One of the Budget 2018/19
Cabinet Member	Leader of the Council and Cabinet Member for Finance, Deputy Leader and Cabinet Member for Housing and Cabinet Member for Economic Development
Report Author	Corporate Finance Manager, Chief Executive and Chief Officer (Community & Enterprise)
Type of Report	Strategic

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report sets out the current financial forecast for 2018/19. The forecast position shows a projected "gap" of £11.7m prior to any modelling for an increase in Council Tax.

The Council favours a staged approach to planning and approving the annual Council Fund budget.

In a series of member workshops over the summer, details of the forecast were shared and a range of solutions to how the annual budget could be balanced were shared, based on the well-established strategy set out within the Medium Term Financial Strategy. Latterly the budget options within each of the service portfolios were shared.

The emergent options for the Community and Enterprise portfolio are set out within this report. The financial pressures facing the portfolio are also set out.

The timeline for the budget setting process is also set out within the report.

RECO	MMENDATIONS
1	That the Committee reviews and comments on the portfolio budget options.
2	That the Committee reviews and comments on the portfolio financial pressures.

REPORT DETAILS

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1.00	MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL STRATEG	Y FORECAST 2018/19		
1.01	The Council has set a cycle of reviewing (MTFS) on an annual basis.	its Medium Term Financial Strategy		
	The report to Cabinet in July gave the fi forecast for 2018/19.	rst detailed overview of the financial		
1.02	The Financial Forecast			
	The financial forecast has been revised as part of the 2017/18 budget, and upon pressures from service portfolios. The be the eventual local government fin settlement at or similar to the 2017/18 fin for calculating the forecast. No mode Council Tax levels at this stage. T Settlement for Wales is due to be annou	dated with the latest information on key variable within the forecast will nancial settlement for 2018/19. A nancial baseline is used as the basis lling has been included for raised he Provisional Local Government		
1.03	The revised forecast for 2018/19 is show	n in Table 1 below.		
1.04	Table 1: Financial Forecast 2016/17-20	018/19		
		2018/19		
	<u>Expenditure</u>	£m		
	National Pressures Local Pressures	1.0 6.5		
	Inflation Workforce Pressures	2.9 <u>1.3</u> _		
	Projected Gap	11.7		
	This table groups the pressures into Nati pressures and further details which are s Enterprise portfolio are included in section	specific to the Community and		
1.05	Emerging Pressures			
	The previous Cabinet report also set of and positive budget variations, which will	5 5 .		
	One area of risk specific to Community level of income relating to markets which £0.050m. Detailed work on this and other	n has led to an emerging pressure of		

1.06 **Specific Portfolio Pressures**

Pressures included 18/19

Community & Enterprise	£m	Description
Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTRS)	0.323	Additional pressure on CTRS IF a 3% increase in Council Tax
Total Community & Enterprise Pressures	0.323	

 In previous years, a 3% increase in Council Tax had been assumed as part of initial budget proposals. Although no assumption has been made regarding Council Tax rises as part of the revised forecast for 2018/19, the pressure above was included as part of the prior year decisions from the 2017/18 budget.

1.07 **Inflation**

The current forecast includes projections for increases in inflation:

- Pay includes an increase of 1% on current budgets. Any increase above the 1% which might be negotiated at a national level would have a significant impact on the forecast funding "gap";
- Price inflation included on a critical service need only basis with £0.170m set aside for specific pressures;
- Food –includes an increase of 5% on current budgets due to latest indications from our suppliers;
- Fuel –includes an increase of 5% on current budgets to reflect recent increases and current forecasts; and
- Energy includes increases in energy which range from 2% for fuel oil, to 11% for electricity, to 16% for street lighting. Gas is forecast to increase by 30%.

Inflation provision is held centrally initially and allocated out according to need. The position on inflation remains unpredictable in the current economic and political climate, and is therefore kept under review.

- 1.08 Homelessness there are a number of pressures which we are aware which may affect the Homelessness service due to the roll out of Universal Credit. These risks are due to two main issues:
 - Increasing demand and limiting options which may lead to an increase in the number of individuals placed in temporary accommodation which will increase the costs but cannot currently be quantified.

There is a risk that there could be a reduction in the homeless prevention funding from Welsh Government which provides prevention services that reduce the number of people becoming homeless in the first place. In 2017/18 we received £130,000 of transitional funding to cover the cost of the new legislation from which could potentially end in 2018/19.

1.09 Operating Model Efficiencies – Community and Enterprise

The portfolio options for savings and efficiencies which are risk assessed as either 'green' or 'amber' are set out below.

Details of these options are included in Appendix 2. This appendix should be read alongside the assessment of service resilience which is included at Appendix 1.

These options total between £0.837m and £0.893m.

- 1. New Homes return of the anticipated trading surplus to the Council would return an efficiency of £0.030m.
- 2. Gypsies and Travellers development of regional training courses could deliver an efficiency of £0.003m.
- 3. Customer Services new service models to deliver customer access through digital would return an efficiency of £0.050m.
- 4. Flintshire Connects options to change the delivery of the connects service could deliver a range of savings between £0.056m and £0.112m depending on the option chosen.
- 5. Registration services Additional income from charging for declaration of births would deliver an additional £0.012m.
- 6. Revenues An increase in collection rates would give a one off efficiency of £0.094m through reduction of the bad debt provisions whilst a second year benefit from the single person discount review would bring an additional one off efficiency of £0.140m.
- 7. Welfare rights streamline the financial assessments process to give an efficiency of £0.032m.
- 8. Benefits adjustment to the bad debt provision would bring a one off efficiency of £0.050m whilst an efficiency of £0.250m could be achieved if spending on the Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTRS) continues at the existing level. Further efficiencies of £.0.050m could be achieved by removing duplication relating to financial assessments.
- 9. Economic Development Workforce efficiency of £0.020m if regional service is developed.
- 10. Management Costs a reduction in Senior Managers would release an efficiency of £0.050m.

2.00	BUDGET PROCESS AND TIMELINE 2018-19
2.01	Stage One service portfolio proposals are being presented throughout October for review.
2.02	The Provisional Settlement for Local Government in Wales is due to be announced on 10 October 2017. The Final Settlement is expected later in the calendar year and will follow the Chancellor of the Exchequer's budget statement which is due to be made on 22 November.
2.03	Stage Two (secondary options) will be considered between December and February, with Stage Three (budget finalisation and approval) taking place in February and March 2018.

2.04	Council meetings have been diarised in December, January, February and
	March.

3.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
3.01	The resource implications of setting the annual budget are significant. The Medium Term Financial Strategy will continue to carry many risks. Careful risk assessment in planning and decision-making will continue to be a central feature of planning.

4.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
4.01	Consultation with Group Leaders, Overview and Scrutiny Committees, external partners, external advisors and representative bodies, and eventually the communities of Flintshire will follow. The strategic approach advocated for the MTFS builds on the current approach which had majority member and public support in planning the previous two annual budgets.

5.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
5.01	All parts of the financial forecast and all budget solutions, are risk assessed stage by stage. An overall risk assessment and risk management statement will be produced both for the revised MTFS and the draft annual budget for 2018/19.

6.00	APPENDICES
6.01	Appendix 1 – Community and Enterprise Resilience Statement Appendix 2 – Community and Enterprise Operating Model

7.00	LIST OF ACCESSI	BLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS
7.01	None. Contact Officers: Telephone: E-mail:	Colin Everett and Gary Ferguson 01352 702101 gary.ferguson@flintshire.gov.uk

8.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
8.01	Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS): a written strategy which gives a forecast of the financial resources which will be available to a Council for a given period, and sets out plans for how best to deploy those resources to meet its priorities, duties and obligations.
	Revenue Support Grant: the annual amount of money the Council receives from Welsh Government to fund what it does alongside the Council Tax and other income the Council raises locally. Councils can decide how to use this grant across services although their freedom to allocate according to local choice can be limited by guidelines set by Government.
	Specific Grants : An award of funding from a grant provider (e.g. Welsh Government) which must be used for a pre-defined purpose.
	Office of Budget Responsibility : created in 2010 to provide independent and authoritative analysis of the UK public finances.
	Institute of Fiscal Studies: formed in 1969 and established as an independent research institute with the principal aim of informing public debate on economics in order to promote the development of effective fiscal policy.
	Independent Commission on Local Government Finance in Wales: established to examine how local government funding can be made more sustainable with a view to providing specific recommendations for improvement and reform.
	Welsh Local Government Association: the representative body for unitary councils, fire and rescue authorities and national parks authorities in Wales.